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## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

<b>(51) International Patent Classification <sup>6</sup> :</b> <b>A61K 38/17</b>	<b>A1</b>	<b>(11) International Publication Number:</b> <b>WO 98/42366</b> <b>(43) International Publication Date:</b> 1 October 1998 (01.10.98)
<b>(21) International Application Number:</b> PCT/EP98/01516 <b>(22) International Filing Date:</b> 16 March 1998 (16.03.98) <b>(30) Priority Data:</b> MI97A000694 25 March 1997 (25.03.97) IT <b>(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US):</b> ZETESIS S.P.A. [IT/IT]; Galleria del Corso, 2, I-20122 Milano (IT). <b>(72) Inventors; and</b> <b>(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only):</b> PANERAL, Alberto [IT/IT]; Galleria del Corso, 2, I-20122 Milano (IT). MERONI, Pier, Luigi [IT/IT]; Galleria del Corso, 2, I-20122 Milano (IT). BARTORELLI, Alberto [IT/IT]; Galleria del Corso, 2, I-20122 Milano (IT). <b>(74) Agent:</b> MINOJA, Fabrizio; Bianchetti Bracco Minoja S.r.l., Via Rossini, 8, I-20122 Milano (IT).		<b>(81) Designated States:</b> AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).  <b>Published</b> <i>With international search report.</i> <i>Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.</i>
<b>(54) Title:</b> THE USE OF PROTEINS EXTRACTABLE FROM ANIMAL ORGANS FOR THE PREPARATION OF MEDICAMENTS FOR THE TREATMENT OF PATHOLOGICAL CONDITIONS CHARACTERIZED BY HYPERPRODUCTION OF TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR (TNF)  <b>(57) Abstract</b>  Proteins extractable with perchloric acid from mammal liver, in particular from goat liver, are capable of lowering blood levels of Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF) and can be used for the treatment of multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, septic shock and other pathologies characterized by TNF hyperproduction.		

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THE USE OF PROTEINS EXTRACTABLE FROM ANIMAL ORGANS FOR  
THE PREPARATION OF MEDICAMENTS FOR THE TREATMENT OF  
PATHOLOGICAL CONDITIONS CHARACTERIZED BY HYPERPRODUCTION  
OF TUMOR NECROSIS FACTOR (TNF)

5 The present invention relates to the use of proteins extractable from animal organs for the preparation of medicaments for the treatment of pathological conditions characterized by hyperproduction of Tumor Necrosis Factor (TNF).

10 TNF, also known as cachectin, is a proinflammatory cytokine playing an important role in starting, together with IL-1, the cascade of other cytokines and factors which trigger the immune response in infections and in cancer. This response is paramount for a complete resolution of infections and metastatic processes, but it can occur in an uncontrolled way, thus causing damage to the host. TNF hyperproduction is considered to be involved in a number of pathological conditions,  
15 such as septic shock, tumor cachexia, autoimmune diseases (rheumatoid arthritis, multiple sclerosis), meningococcal septicemia, Chron's disease, etc..

20 WO 92/10197 disclosed protein fractions extractable with perchloric acid from organs of mammals, and their use as anticancer agents. Within these fractions, three main components could be identified, having molecular weights of 50, 14 and 10 KDa on gel electrophoresis. Hereinafter, the purified extract containing these three components will be referred to as UK 101. The sequence  
25 of the 14 KDa component, which is the main, if not the only protein, responsible for the described activities,

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is reported in WO 96/02567 and it has turned out to be related to that described by other authors (Levy-Favatier, Eur. Biochem. 1903, 212 (3) 665-73) who have assumed that the novel identified sequences belong to the family of the proteins known as chaperonins, to which the HSPs (Heat Shock Proteins) themselves belong.

The proteins described in WO 92/10197 and those of WO 96/02567 (hereinafter referred to as UK 114) show properties not previously observed in chaperonins or analogous proteins. Now it has been found, in particular, that said proteins are capable of significantly lowering TNF blood levels and therefore they can be used for the treatment of pathological conditions characterized by hyperproduction of TNF.

The invention relates particularly to the use of the purified protein UK 114.

Moreover the invention comprises the use of proteins showing high homology to UK 114, of at least 80%, especially of 90% or more.

The activity of the proteins UK 101 and UK 114 has been demonstrated in vitro, on mononuclear leukocytes from peripheral blood and in vivo, by evaluating the effect of the administration of UK 101 on the production by mouse splenocytes as reported hereinafter.

#### In vitro tests

Mononuclear leukocytes from peripheral blood (PBMC), at a concentration of 1 million/ml, were stimulated in vitro with lipopolysaccharide (100/ng/ml), for 4 hours, in the absence or in the presence of UK 114 (1 µg/ml and 10 µg/ml).

TNF levels were measured by ELISA.

### Results

TNF production by PBMC was inhibited by the addition of UK 114 in vitro.

The decrease was by 90% with a 1 µg/ml dose of UK 114 and by 70% with a 10 µg/ml dose of UK 114.

### In vivo tests

#### Treatment:

Mice were treated with 100 µg/mouse of UK 101 on alternate days for 15 days (7 injections).

TNF has been measured 48 hours after the first injection and 48 hours after the last administration.

#### Preparation of the cells and TNF measurements

Splenocytes ( $4 \times 10^6$  cells/ml) were incubated in the presence of 10 µg/ml of the polyclonal mitogen Concanavalin-A (With-A), for 48 hours, at 37°C, 5% CO<sub>2</sub>.

The amount of produced TNF released into the supernatant has been evaluated using an immunoenzymatic method (ELISA).

### Results

Treatment with UK 101 significantly decreased TNF production by mouse splenocytes. The effect is evident 48 hours after the first administration and it is still present even 48 hours after the seventh administration.

TNF, pg/ml

	physiological saline	UK-101
48 hours after the 1st administration	387 ± 72	247 ± 30°
48 hours after the 7th administration	366 ± 46	264 ± 76,1°

° = p value

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Therefore, UK 101 and UK 114 are capable of modifying the course of, or preventing, pathological conditions characterized by TNF hyperproduction, such as multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, tumor forms, septic shock, Chron's disease, etc..

The proteins of the invention can be administered by means of suitable formulations, preferably injectable forms.

The procedure of administration (doses, frequency of administration, etc.) will be determined according to the circumstances, depending on a number of factors such as the condition of the patient, stage of the disease. Nevertheless a daily dosage ranging from 1 to 100 mg will be suitable.

5

**TABLE**

	Met	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Pro	Val	Gly	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala
	1				5					10				
5	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gly	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Ala	Val	Leu	Val	Asp
	15					20					25			
	Arg	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Gly	Gln	Leu	Gly	Met	Asp	Pro	Ala
		30					35					40		
	Ser	Gly	Gln	Leu	Val	Pro	Gly	Gly	Val	Val	Glu	Glu	Ala	Lys
			45					50					55	
10	Gln	Ala	Leu	Thr	Asn	Ile	Gly	Glu	Ile	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ala	Gly
				60					65					70
	Cys	Asp	Phe	Thr	Asn	Val	Val	Lys	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Leu	Ala
					75					80				
15	Asp	Ile	Asn	Asp	Phe	Ser	Ala	Val	Asn	Asp	Val	Tyr	Lys	Gln
	85					90					95			
	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Ser	Ser	Phe	Pro	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Val
		100					105					110		
	Ala	Ala	Leu	Pro	Lys	Gly	Gly	Arg	Val	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ala	Ile
			115					120					125	
20	Ala	Val	Gln	Gly	Pro	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val			
				130					135					

6  
SEQUENCE LISTING

## (1) GENERAL INFORMATION:

## 5 (i) APPLICANT:

(A) NAME: Zetesis s.p.a.

(B) STREET: Galleria del Corso 2

(C) CITY: Milano

(E) COUNTRY: Italy

10 (F) POSTAL CODE (ZIP): 20122

(ii) TITLE OF INVENTION: The use of proteins  
extractable from animal organs for the prepa-  
ration of medicaments for the treatment of  
15 pathological conditions characterized by hyper-  
production of tumor necrosis factor (TNF)

(iii) NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 1

## 20 (iv) COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

(A) MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

(B) COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

(C) OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

25 (D) SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version  
#1.30 (EPO)

## (2) INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 1:

## 30 (i) SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

(A) LENGTH: 137 amino acids

(B) TYPE: amino acid



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(C) STRANDEDNESS:

(D) TOPOLOGY: linear

(ii) MOLECULE TYPE: protein

5

(iii) HYPOTHETICAL: NO

(iv) ANTI-SENSE: NO

10

(xi) SEQUENCE DESCRIPTION: SEQ ID NO: 1:

	Met	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Pro	Val	Gly	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala
	1				5					10				
15	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gly	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Ala	Val	Leu	Val	Asp
	15				20					25				
	Arg	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Gly	Gln	Leu	Gly	Met	Asp	Pro	Ala
	30					35					40			
	Ser	Gly	Gln	Leu	Val	Pro	Gly	Gly	Val	Val	Glu	Glu	Ala	Lys
		45					50					55		
20	Gln	Ala	Leu	Thr	Asn	Ile	Gly	Glu	Ile	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ala	Gly
			60					65						70
	Cys	Asp	Phe	Thr	Asn	Val	Val	Lys	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Leu	Ala
				75						80				
25	Asp	Ile	Asn	Asp	Phe	Ser	Ala	Val	Asn	Asp	Val	Tyr	Lys	Gln
	85					90					95			
	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Ser	Ser	Phe	Pro	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Val
		100					105					110		
	Ala	Ala	Leu	Pro	Lys	Gly	Gly	Arg	Val	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ala	Ile
			115					120					125	
30	Ala	Val	Gln	Gly	Pro	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val			
				130					135					

CLAIMS

1. The use of proteins extractable with perchloric acid from mammal liver, for the preparation of medicaments for the prevention and the treatment of pathologies characterized by TNF hyperproduction.
2. The use according to claim 1, wherein the protein has the following sequence:
 

10	Met	Ser	Glu	Asn	Ser	Glu	Glu	Pro	Val	Gly	Glu	Ala	Lys	Ala
	1				5					10				
	Pro	Ala	Ala	Ile	Gly	Pro	Tyr	Ser	Gln	Ala	Val	Leu	Val	Asp
	15				20					25				
	Arg	Thr	Ile	Tyr	Ile	Ser	Gly	Gln	Leu	Gly	Met	Asp	Pro	Ala
	30					35					40			
15	Ser	Gly	Gln	Leu	Val	Pro	Gly	Gly	Val	Val	Glu	Glu	Ala	Lys
		45					50					55		
	Gln	Ala	Leu	Thr	Asn	Ile	Gly	Glu	Ile	Leu	Lys	Ala	Ala	Gly
			60						65					70
20	Cys	Asp	Phe	Thr	Asn	Val	Val	Lys	Ala	Thr	Val	Leu	Leu	Ala
					75					80				
	Asp	Ile	Asn	Asp	Phe	Ser	Ala	Val	Asn	Asp	Val	Tyr	Lys	Gln
	85					90				95				
	Tyr	Phe	Gln	Ser	Ser	Phe	Pro	Ala	Arg	Ala	Ala	Tyr	Gln	Val
	100						105					110		
25	Ala	Ala	Leu	Pro	Lys	Gly	Gly	Arg	Val	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ala	Ile
			115					120					125	
	Ala	Val	Gln	Gly	Pro	Leu	Thr	Thr	Ala	Ser	Val			
				130					135					
3. The use according to claim 1, wherein the proteins used have a homology of at least 80% to the protein of claim 2.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/EP 98/01516

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**  
IPC 6 A61K38/17

According to International Patent Classification(IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

**B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 6 A61K

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

**C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT**

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	WO 96 02567 A (ZETESIS SPA) 1 February 1996 cited in the application see page 1 - page 5 --- -/--	1-3

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

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Date of the actual completion of the international search

21 August 1998

Date of mailing of the international search report

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

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C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	<p>CHEMICAL ABSTRACTS, vol. 119, no. 7, 16 August 1993 Columbus, Ohio, US; abstract no. 65937, XP002075248 &amp; F LEVY-FAVATIER ET AL.: "Characterization, purification and cDNA cloning of a rat perchloric-acid-soluble 23 kDa protein present only in liver and kidney " EUR. J. BIOCHEM., vol. 212, no. 3, March 1993, pages 665-673, cited in the application see abstract</p>	1-3
Y	<p>----- WO 96 10039 A (PEPTIDE THERAPEUTICS LIMITED) 4 April 1996 see the whole document</p>	1-3
Y	<p>----- GB 2 251 186 A (GATZ &amp; BROMLEY) 1 July 1992 see the whole document</p>	1-3
E	<p>----- WO 98 11909 A (ZETESIS) 26 March 1998 see the whole document -----</p>	1-3

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/EP 98/01516

Patent document cited in search report	Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9602567 A	01-02-1996	IT 1270618 B AU 3077995 A BR 9508382 A CA 2194861 A CN 1152924 A CZ 9700069 A EP 0770093 A FI 970097 A HU 76328 A JP 10502814 T NO 970114 A US 5792744 A ZA 9505837 A	07-05-1997 16-02-1996 23-12-1997 01-02-1996 25-06-1997 13-08-1997 02-05-1997 06-03-1997 28-08-1997 17-03-1998 05-03-1997 11-08-1998 21-02-1996
WO 9610039 A	04-04-1996	AU 3571095 A CA 2200338 A EP 0804475 A	19-04-1996 04-04-1996 05-11-1997
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WO 9811909 A	26-03-1998	IT MI961919 A IT MI961920 A IT MI961921 A IT MI961922 A AU 4774797 A	18-03-1998 18-03-1998 18-03-1998 18-03-1998 14-04-1998

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